

A Dependency Pair Framework for Innermost Complexity Analysis of Term Rewrite Systems

Jürgen Giesl

LuFG Informatik 2, RWTH Aachen University, Germany

joint work with [Lars Noschinski](#) and [Fabian Emmes](#)

Termination Analysis of TRSs

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 - for *Derivational Complexity*
(cannot exploit strength of DPs for innermost rewriting)
 - new approach: *direct* adaption of DP framework (CADE '11)
 - modular combination of different techniques
 - automated and more powerful than previous approaches

Innermost Runtime Complexity

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$$\begin{aligned} \iota_{\mathcal{R}} = \mathcal{P}ol_0 &\text{ iff length } \in \mathcal{O}(1) & \iota_{\mathcal{R}} = \mathcal{P}ol_1 &\text{ iff length } \in \mathcal{O}(n) \\ \iota_{\mathcal{R}} = \mathcal{P}ol_2 &\text{ iff length } \in \mathcal{O}(n^2) & \dots \end{aligned}$$
- Example: $\iota_{\mathcal{R}} = \mathcal{P}ol_1$

Dependency Tuples

$$\begin{array}{lll} m(x, y) \rightarrow \text{if}(\text{gt}(x, y), x, y) & \text{gt}(0, k) \rightarrow \text{false} & p(0) \rightarrow 0 \\ \text{if}(\text{true}, x, y) \rightarrow s(m(p(x), y)) & \text{gt}(s(n), 0) \rightarrow \text{true} & p(s(n)) \rightarrow n \\ \text{if}(\text{false}, x, y) \rightarrow 0 & \text{gt}(s(n), s(k)) \rightarrow \text{gt}(n, k) & \end{array}$$

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Chain Trees

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{DT}(\mathcal{R}) : & \text{m}^\sharp(x, y) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(\text{if}^\sharp(\text{gt}(x, y), x, y), \text{gt}^\sharp(x, y)) \quad \text{p}^\sharp(0) \rightarrow \text{COM}_0 \\ & \text{if}^\sharp(\text{true}, x, y) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(\text{m}^\sharp(\text{p}(x), y), \text{p}^\sharp(x)) \quad \text{p}^\sharp(s(n)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_0 \\ & \text{if}^\sharp(\text{false}, x, y) \rightarrow \text{COM}_0 \quad \text{gt}^\sharp(0, k) \rightarrow \text{COM}_0 \\ & \qquad \qquad \qquad \text{gt}^\sharp(s(n), 0) \rightarrow \text{COM}_0 \\ & \qquad \qquad \qquad \text{gt}^\sharp(s(n), s(k)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(\text{gt}^\sharp(n, k)) \end{array}$$

(D, R)-Chain Tree:

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(\mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R})-Chain Tree:

$$u^\sharp \rightarrow \text{COM}_n(v_1^\sharp, \dots, v_n^\sharp)$$

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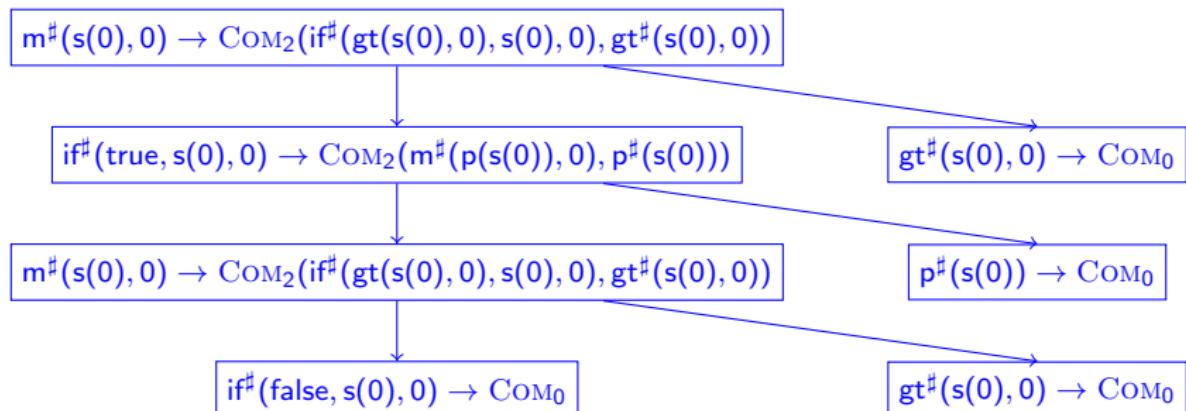
Edge $\sigma_1(u^\sharp \rightarrow \text{COM}_n(v_1^\sharp, \dots, v_n^\sharp))$ to $\sigma_2(w^\sharp \rightarrow \text{COM}_m(\dots))$ if $v_i^\sharp \sigma_1 \xrightarrow{\mathcal{R}}^* w^\sharp \sigma_2$

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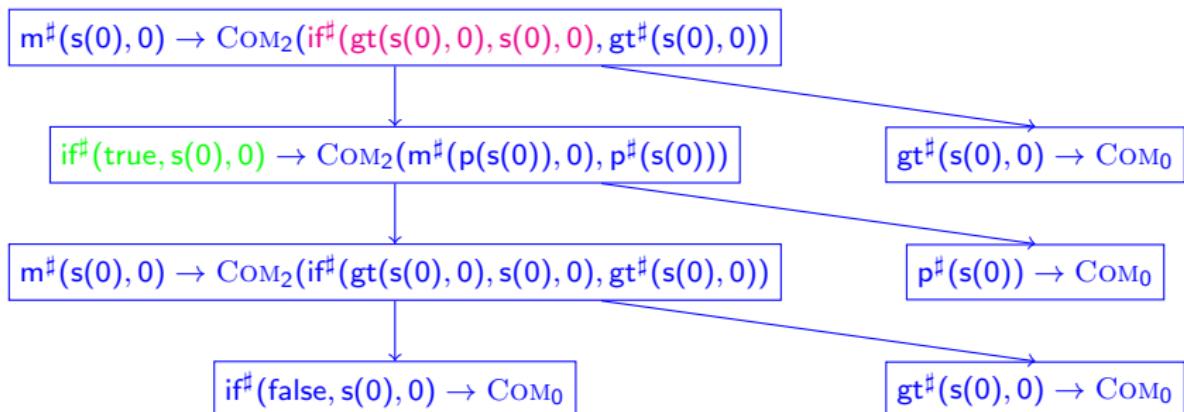


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 & \text{if}^\sharp(\text{false}, x, y) \rightarrow \text{COM}_0 \quad \text{gt}^\sharp(0, k) \rightarrow \text{COM}_0 \\
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 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \text{gt}^\sharp(s(n), s(k)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(\text{gt}^\sharp(n, k))
 \end{array}$$

(D, R)-Chain Tree:

Edge $\sigma_1(u^\sharp \rightarrow \text{COM}_n(v_1^\sharp, \dots, v_n^\sharp))$ to $\sigma_2(w^\sharp \rightarrow \text{COM}_m(\dots))$ if $v_i^\sharp \sigma_1 \xrightarrow{\text{i}}_{\mathcal{R}}^* w^\sharp \sigma_2$

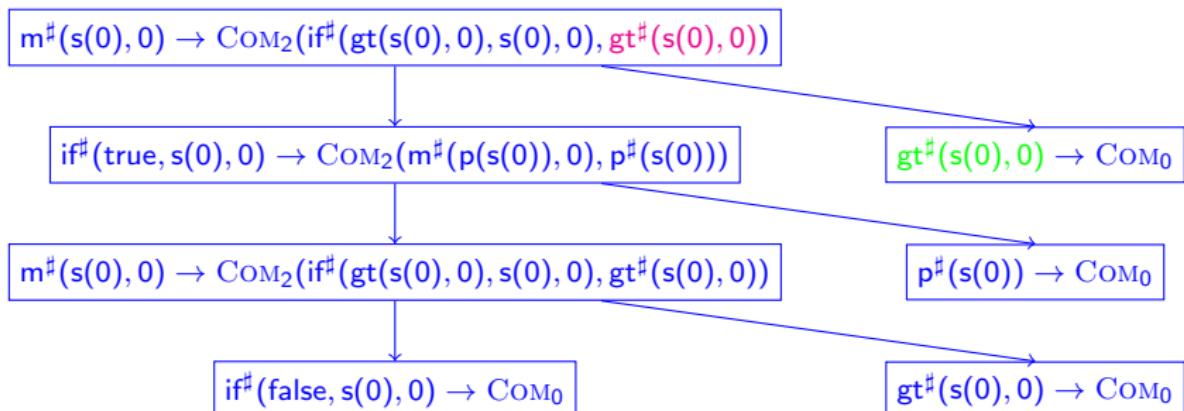


Chain Trees

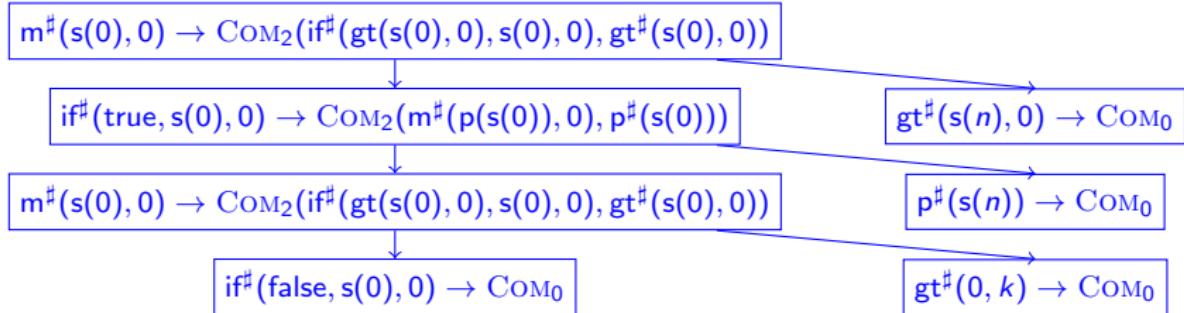
$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \text{DT}(\mathcal{R}) : & m^\sharp(x, y) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(\text{if}^\sharp(\text{gt}(x, y), x, y), \text{gt}^\sharp(x, y)) \quad p^\sharp(0) \rightarrow \text{COM}_0 \\
 & \text{if}^\sharp(\text{true}, x, y) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(m^\sharp(p(x)), y), p^\sharp(x)) \quad p^\sharp(s(n)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_0 \\
 & \text{if}^\sharp(\text{false}, x, y) \rightarrow \text{COM}_0 \quad \text{gt}^\sharp(0, k) \rightarrow \text{COM}_0 \\
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 \end{array}$$

$(\mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R})$ -Chain Tree:

Edge $\sigma_1(u^\sharp \rightarrow \text{COM}_n(v_1^\sharp, \dots, v_n^\sharp))$ to $\sigma_2(w^\sharp \rightarrow \text{COM}_m(\dots))$ if $v_i^\sharp \sigma_1 \xrightarrow{\text{i}}_{\mathcal{R}}^* w^\sharp \sigma_2$

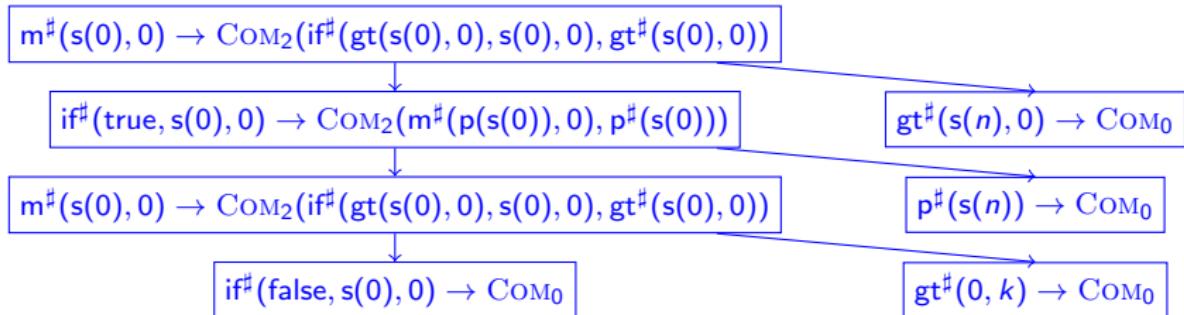


Chain Trees and Complexity



$\iota_{\mathcal{R}}$: length of longest $\xrightarrow{\cdot}_{\mathcal{R}}$ -sequence for $|t| \leq n$

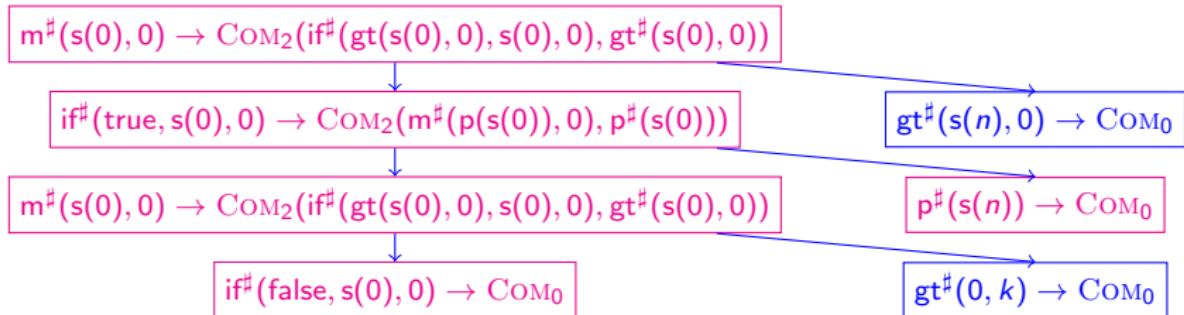
Chain Trees and Complexity



$\iota_{\mathcal{R}}$: length of longest $\xrightarrow{\cdot}_{\mathcal{R}}$ -sequence for $|t| \leq n$

$\iota_{(\mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R})}$: maximal number of nodes
in chain tree with root $t^{\#} \rightarrow \text{COM}(\dots)$ for $|t| \leq n$

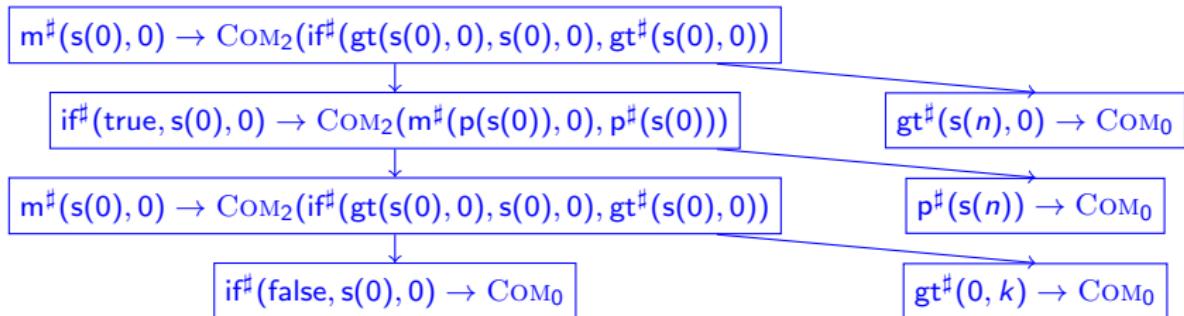
Chain Trees and Complexity



$\iota_{\mathcal{R}}$: length of longest $\xrightarrow{\text{i}_{\mathcal{R}}}$ -sequence for $|t| \leq n$

$\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$: maximal number of nodes from \mathcal{S}
in chain tree with root $t^{\#} \rightarrow \text{COM}(\dots)$ for $|t| \leq n$

Chain Trees and Complexity



$\iota_{\mathcal{R}}$: length of longest $\xrightarrow{\cdot}_{\mathcal{R}}$ -sequence for $|t| \leq n$

$\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$: maximal number of nodes from \mathcal{S}
in chain tree with root $t^\sharp \rightarrow \text{COM}(\dots)$ for $|t| \leq n$

Theorem

If $\mathcal{D} = DT(\mathcal{R})$, then $\iota_{\mathcal{R}} \leq \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$.

Chain Trees and Complexity

Theorem

If $\mathcal{D} = DT(\mathcal{R})$, then $\nu_{\mathcal{R}} \leq \nu_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$.

Chain Trees and Complexity

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If $\mathcal{D} = DT(\mathcal{R})$, then $\nu_{\mathcal{R}} \leq \nu_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$.

⇒ Find out $\nu_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$

Chain Trees and Complexity

Theorem

If $\mathcal{D} = DT(\mathcal{R})$, then $\nu_{\mathcal{R}} \leq \nu_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$.

⇒ Find out $\nu_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$

⇒ Repeatedly replace **DT problem** $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle$ by *simpler* $\langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{S}', \mathcal{R}' \rangle$, examine $\nu_{\langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{S}', \mathcal{R}' \rangle}$

Chain Trees and Complexity

Theorem

If $\mathcal{D} = DT(\mathcal{R})$, then $\nu_{\mathcal{R}} \leq \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$.

⇒ Find out $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$

⇒ Repeatedly replace **DT problem** $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle$ by *simpler* $\langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{S}', \mathcal{R}' \rangle$, examine $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{S}', \mathcal{R}' \rangle}$

⇒ Start with **canonical DT problem** $\langle DT(\mathcal{R}), DT(\mathcal{R}), \mathcal{R} \rangle$

Chain Trees and Complexity

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If $\mathcal{D} = DT(\mathcal{R})$, then $\nu_{\mathcal{R}} \leq \nu_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$.

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⇒ Start with **canonical DT problem** $\langle DT(\mathcal{R}), DT(\mathcal{R}), \mathcal{R} \rangle$

DT Processor: $Proc(P) = (c, P')$ P, P' DT problems, $c \in \{\mathcal{P}ol_0, \mathcal{P}ol_1, \dots\}$

Chain Trees and Complexity

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If $\mathcal{D} = DT(\mathcal{R})$, then $\nu_{\mathcal{R}} \leq \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$.

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DT Processor: $Proc(P) = (c, P')$ P, P' DT problems, $c \in \{\text{Pol}_0, \text{Pol}_1, \dots\}$
where $\iota_P \leq \max(c, \iota_{P'})$

Chain Trees and Complexity

Theorem

If $\mathcal{D} = DT(\mathcal{R})$, then $\nu_{\mathcal{R}} \leq \nu_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$.

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$$P \xrightarrow{c} P'$$

Chain Trees and Complexity

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If $\mathcal{D} = DT(\mathcal{R})$, then $\nu_{\mathcal{R}} \leq \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$.

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DT Processor: $Proc(P) = (c, P')$ P, P' DT problems, $c \in \{\mathcal{P}ol_0, \mathcal{P}ol_1, \dots\}$
where $\iota_P \leq \max(c, \iota_{P'})$

Proof Chain: $P_0 \xrightarrow{c_1} P_1$

$P_0 = \langle DT(\mathcal{R}), DT(\mathcal{R}), \mathcal{R} \rangle$ canonical

Chain Trees and Complexity

Theorem

If $\mathcal{D} = DT(\mathcal{R})$, then $\nu_{\mathcal{R}} \leq \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$.

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⇒ Repeatedly replace **DT problem** $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle$ by *simpler* $\langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{S}', \mathcal{R}' \rangle$, examine $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{S}', \mathcal{R}' \rangle}$

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DT Processor: $Proc(P) = (c, P')$ P, P' DT problems, $c \in \{\text{Pol}_0, \text{Pol}_1, \dots\}$
where $\iota_P \leq \max(c, \iota_{P'})$

Proof Chain: $P_0 \xrightarrow{c_1} P_1 \xrightarrow{c_2} P_2$

$P_0 = \langle DT(\mathcal{R}), DT(\mathcal{R}), \mathcal{R} \rangle$ canonical

Chain Trees and Complexity

Theorem

If $\mathcal{D} = DT(\mathcal{R})$, then $\nu_{\mathcal{R}} \leq \nu_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$.

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Proof Chain: $P_0 \xrightarrow{c_1} P_1 \xrightarrow{c_2} P_2 \xrightarrow{c_3} \dots \xrightarrow{c_k} P_k$

$P_0 = \langle DT(\mathcal{R}), DT(\mathcal{R}), \mathcal{R} \rangle$ canonical
 $P_k = \langle \mathcal{D}_k, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_k \rangle$ solved

Chain Trees and Complexity

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If $\mathcal{D} = DT(\mathcal{R})$, then $\nu_{\mathcal{R}} \leq \nu_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$.

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where $\nu_P \leq \max(c, \nu_{P'})$

Proof Chain: $P_0 \xrightarrow{c_1} P_1 \xrightarrow{c_2} P_2 \xrightarrow{c_3} \dots \xrightarrow{c_k} P_k$
 $\nu_{P_0} \leq \max(c_1, \nu_{P_1})$

$P_0 = \langle DT(\mathcal{R}), DT(\mathcal{R}), \mathcal{R} \rangle$ canonical
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Proof Chain: $P_0 \xrightarrow{c_1} P_1 \xrightarrow{c_2} P_2 \xrightarrow{c_3} \dots \xrightarrow{c_k} P_k$
 $\nu_{P_0} \leq \max(c_1, c_2, \nu_{P_2})$

$P_0 = \langle DT(\mathcal{R}), DT(\mathcal{R}), \mathcal{R} \rangle$ canonical
 $P_k = \langle \mathcal{D}_k, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_k \rangle$ solved

Chain Trees and Complexity

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If $\mathcal{D} = DT(\mathcal{R})$, then $\nu_{\mathcal{R}} \leq \nu_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$.

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⇒ Repeatedly replace **DT problem** $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle$ by *simpler* $\langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{S}', \mathcal{R}' \rangle$, examine $\nu_{\langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{S}', \mathcal{R}' \rangle}$

⇒ Start with **canonical DT problem** $\langle DT(\mathcal{R}), DT(\mathcal{R}), \mathcal{R} \rangle$

DT Processor: $Proc(P) = (c, P')$ P, P' DT problems, $c \in \{\mathcal{P}ol_0, \mathcal{P}ol_1, \dots\}$
where $\nu_P \leq \max(c, \nu_{P'})$

Proof Chain: $P_0 \xrightarrow{c_1} P_1 \xrightarrow{c_2} P_2 \xrightarrow{c_3} \dots \xrightarrow{c_k} P_k$ $P_0 = \langle DT(\mathcal{R}), DT(\mathcal{R}), \mathcal{R} \rangle$ canonical
 $\nu_{P_0} \leq \max(c_1, c_2, \dots, c_k, \nu_{P_k})$ $P_k = \langle \mathcal{D}_k, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_k \rangle$ solved

Chain Trees and Complexity

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If $\mathcal{D} = DT(\mathcal{R})$, then $\nu_{\mathcal{R}} \leq \nu_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$.

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 $\nu_{P_0} \leq \max(c_1, c_2, \dots, c_k)$

$P_0 = \langle DT(\mathcal{R}), DT(\mathcal{R}), \mathcal{R} \rangle$ canonical
 $P_k = \langle \mathcal{D}_k, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_k \rangle$ solved

Chain Trees and Complexity

Theorem

If $\mathcal{D} = DT(\mathcal{R})$, then $\iota_{\mathcal{R}} \leq \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$.

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where $\iota_P \leq \max(c, \iota_{P'})$

Proof Chain: $P_0 \xrightarrow{c_1} P_1 \xrightarrow{c_2} P_2 \xrightarrow{c_3} \dots \xrightarrow{c_k} P_k$
 $\iota_{\mathcal{R}} \leq \iota_{P_0} \leq \max(c_1, c_2, \dots, c_k)$

$P_0 = \langle DT(\mathcal{R}), DT(\mathcal{R}), \mathcal{R} \rangle$ canonical
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Leaf Removal Processor

Dependency Graph: edge from DT $u \rightarrow v$ to $w \rightarrow t$ in dep. graph

Leaf Removal Processor

Dependency Graph: edge from DT $u \rightarrow v$ to $w \rightarrow t$ in dep. graph iff
edge from $\sigma_1(u \rightarrow v)$ to $\sigma_2(w \rightarrow t)$ in chain tree

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Example:

$\mathcal{R}: q(0, s(y), s(z)) \rightarrow 0, \quad q(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow q(x, y, z), \quad q(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow s(q(x, s(z), s(z)))$

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$$\mathcal{D}: \quad q^\sharp(0, s(y), s(z)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_0$$

$$q^\sharp(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, y, z))$$

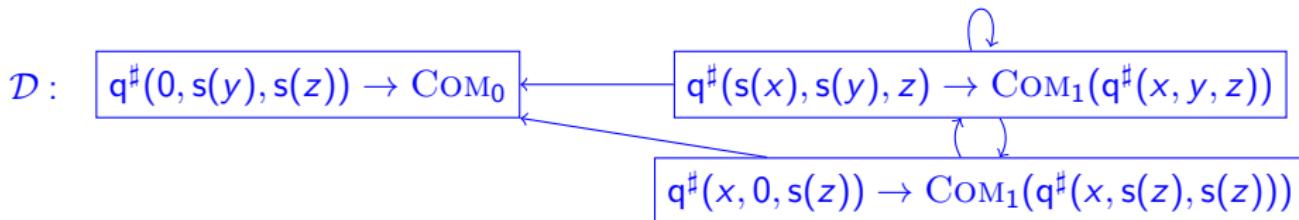
$$q^\sharp(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, s(z), s(z)))$$

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Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle$

\mathcal{R} : $q(0, s(y), s(z)) \rightarrow 0$, $q(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow q(x, y, z)$, $q(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow s(q(x, s(z), s(z)))$



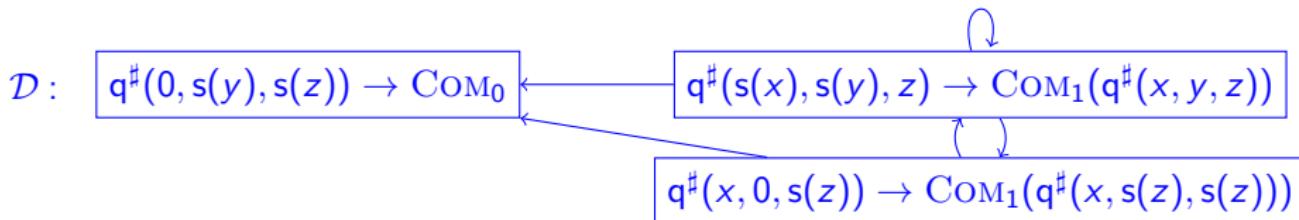
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Leaf Removal Processor: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D} \setminus \{w \rightarrow t\}, \mathcal{S} \setminus \{w \rightarrow t\}, \mathcal{R} \rangle$
if $w \rightarrow t$ is leaf in dependency graph

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle$

\mathcal{R} : $q(0, s(y), s(z)) \rightarrow 0, q(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow q(x, y, z), q(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow s(q(x, s(z), s(z)))$



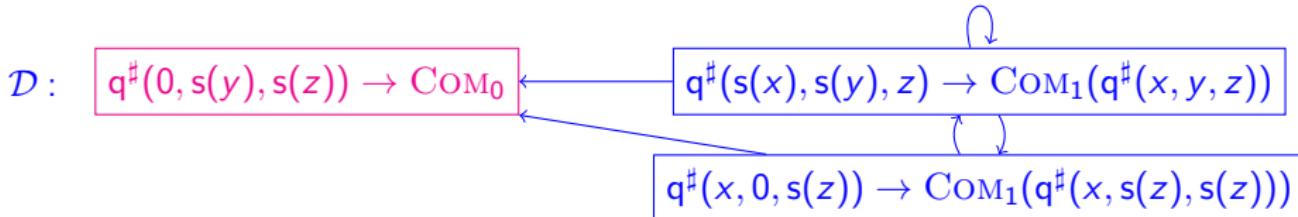
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Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle$

\mathcal{R} : $q(0, s(y), s(z)) \rightarrow 0$, $q(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow q(x, y, z)$, $q(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow s(q(x, s(z), s(z)))$



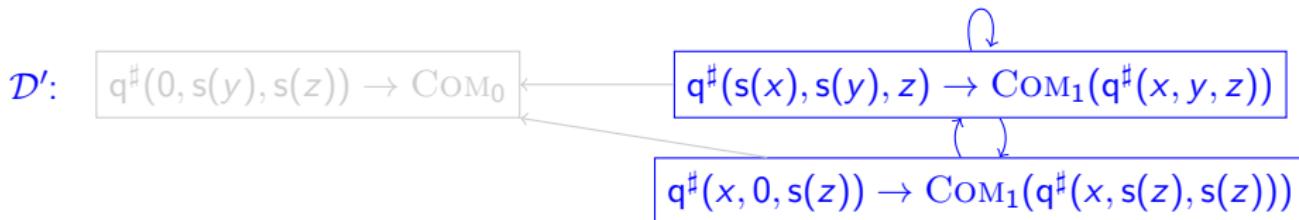
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if $w \rightarrow t$ is leaf in dependency graph

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{R} \rangle$

\mathcal{R} : $q(0, s(y), s(z)) \rightarrow 0$, $q(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow q(x, y, z)$, $q(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow s(q(x, s(z), s(z)))$



Usable Rules Processor

Usable Rules $\mathcal{U}_{\mathcal{R}}(\mathcal{D})$: rules from \mathcal{R} that can reduce rhs of \mathcal{D}

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{R} \rangle$

\mathcal{R} : $\text{q}(0, s(y), s(z)) \rightarrow 0$, $\text{q}(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{q}(x, y, z)$, $\text{q}(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow s(\text{q}(x, s(z), s(z)))$

\mathcal{D}' :

$\boxed{\text{q}^\sharp(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(\text{q}^\sharp(x, y, z))}$

$\boxed{\text{q}^\sharp(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(\text{q}^\sharp(x, s(z), s(z)))}$

Usable Rules Processor

Usable Rules $\mathcal{U}_{\mathcal{R}}(\mathcal{D})$: rules from \mathcal{R} that can reduce rhs of \mathcal{D}

Usable Rules Processor: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{U}_{\mathcal{R}}(\mathcal{D}) \rangle$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{R} \rangle$

\mathcal{R} : $\text{q}(0, s(y), s(z)) \rightarrow 0, \quad \text{q}(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{q}(x, y, z), \quad \text{q}(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow s(\text{q}(x, s(z), s(z)))$

\mathcal{D}' :

$\boxed{\text{q}^\sharp(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(\text{q}^\sharp(x, y, z))}$

$\boxed{\text{q}^\sharp(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(\text{q}^\sharp(x, s(z), s(z)))}$

Usable Rules Processor

Usable Rules $\mathcal{U}_{\mathcal{R}}(\mathcal{D})$: rules from \mathcal{R} that can reduce rhs of \mathcal{D}

Usable Rules Processor: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{U}_{\mathcal{R}}(\mathcal{D}) \rangle$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{U}_{\mathcal{R}}(\mathcal{D}') \rangle$

\mathcal{R} : $\text{q}(0, s(y), s(z)) \rightarrow 0, \quad \text{q}(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{q}(x, y, z), \quad \text{q}(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow s(\text{q}(x, s(z), s(z)))$

\mathcal{D}' :

$\boxed{\text{q}^\sharp(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(\text{q}^\sharp(x, y, z))}$

$\boxed{\text{q}^\sharp(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(\text{q}^\sharp(x, s(z), s(z)))}$

Usable Rules Processor

Usable Rules $\mathcal{U}_{\mathcal{R}}(\mathcal{D})$: rules from \mathcal{R} that can reduce rhs of \mathcal{D}

Usable Rules Processor: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{U}_{\mathcal{R}}(\mathcal{D}) \rangle$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{U}_{\mathcal{R}}(\mathcal{D}') \rangle$

$\mathcal{U}_{\mathcal{R}}(\mathcal{D}')$:

\mathcal{D}' :

$$q^\sharp(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, y, z))$$

$$q^\sharp(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, s(z), s(z)))$$

Usable Rules Processor

Usable Rules $\mathcal{U}_{\mathcal{R}}(\mathcal{D})$: rules from \mathcal{R} that can reduce rhs of \mathcal{D}

Usable Rules Processor: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{U}_{\mathcal{R}}(\mathcal{D}) \rangle$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset \rangle$

$\mathcal{U}_{\mathcal{R}}(\mathcal{D}')$:

\mathcal{D}' :

$$q^\sharp(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, y, z))$$

$$q^\sharp(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, s(z), s(z)))$$

Extended DT Problems

DT Problem: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \quad \mathcal{R} \rangle$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset \rangle$

\mathcal{D}' :

$$q^\sharp(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, y, z))$$

$$q^\sharp(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, s(z), s(z)))$$

Extended DT Problems

DT Problem: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \quad \mathcal{R} \rangle$

Canonical

DT Problem: $\langle \text{DT}(\mathcal{R}), \text{DT}(\mathcal{R}), \quad \mathcal{R} \rangle$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}oI_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}oI_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset \rangle$

\mathcal{D}' :

$$q^\sharp(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, y, z))$$

$$q^\sharp(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, s(z), s(z)))$$

Extended DT Problems

DT Problem: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \quad \mathcal{R} \rangle$

- when computing $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$, we already took $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$ into account

Canonical

DT Problem: $\langle \text{DT}(\mathcal{R}), \text{DT}(\mathcal{R}), \quad \mathcal{R} \rangle$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset \rangle$

\mathcal{D}' :

$$q^\sharp(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, y, z))$$

$$q^\sharp(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, s(z), s(z)))$$

Extended DT Problems

Extended DT Problem: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle$

- when computing $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$, we already took $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$ into account

Canonical

DT Problem: $\langle \text{DT}(\mathcal{R}), \text{DT}(\mathcal{R}), \quad \mathcal{R} \rangle$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset \rangle$

\mathcal{D}' :

$$q^\sharp(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, y, z))$$

$$q^\sharp(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, s(z), s(z)))$$

Extended DT Problems

Extended DT Problem: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle$

- when computing $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$, we already took $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$ into account
- $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} = \begin{cases} \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}, & \text{if } \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} > \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} \\ & \end{cases}$

Canonical

DT Problem: $\langle \text{DT}(\mathcal{R}), \text{DT}(\mathcal{R}), \quad \mathcal{R} \rangle$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}oI_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}oI_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset \rangle$

\mathcal{D}' :

$$q^\sharp(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, y, z))$$

$$q^\sharp(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, s(z), s(z)))$$

Extended DT Problems

Extended DT Problem: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle$

- when computing $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$, we already took $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$ into account
- $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} = \begin{cases} \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}, & \text{if } \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} > \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} \\ \mathcal{P}ol_0, & \text{if } \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} \leq \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} \end{cases}$

Canonical

DT Problem: $\langle \text{DT}(\mathcal{R}), \text{DT}(\mathcal{R}), \mathcal{R} \rangle$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset \rangle$

\mathcal{D}' :

$$q^\sharp(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{Com}_1(q^\sharp(x, y, z))$$

$$q^\sharp(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{Com}_1(q^\sharp(x, s(z), s(z)))$$

Extended DT Problems

Extended DT Problem: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle$

- when computing $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$, we already took $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$ into account
- $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} = \begin{cases} \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}, & \text{if } \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} > \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} \\ \mathcal{P}ol_0, & \text{if } \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} \leq \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} \end{cases}$

Canonical Extended DT Problem: $\langle \text{DT}(\mathcal{R}), \text{DT}(\mathcal{R}), \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset \rangle$

\mathcal{D}' :

$$q^\sharp(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, y, z))$$

$$q^\sharp(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, s(z), s(z)))$$

Extended DT Problems

Extended DT Problem: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle$

- when computing $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$, we already took $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$ into account
- $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} = \begin{cases} \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}, & \text{if } \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} > \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} \\ \mathcal{P}ol_0, & \text{if } \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} \leq \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} \end{cases}$

Canonical Extended DT Problem: $\langle \text{DT}(\mathcal{R}), \text{DT}(\mathcal{R}), \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset \rangle$

\mathcal{D}' :

$$q^\sharp(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, y, z))$$

$$q^\sharp(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, s(z), s(z)))$$

Extended DT Problems

Extended DT Problem: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle$

- when computing $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$, we already took $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$ into account
- $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} = \begin{cases} \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}, & \text{if } \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} > \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} \\ \mathcal{P}ol_0, & \text{if } \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} \leq \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} \end{cases}$

Canonical Extended DT Problem: $\langle \text{DT}(\mathcal{R}), \text{DT}(\mathcal{R}), \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset \rangle$

\mathcal{D}' :

$$q^\sharp(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, y, z))$$

$$q^\sharp(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, s(z), s(z)))$$

Extended DT Problems

Extended DT Problem: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle$

- when computing $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$, we already took $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$ into account
- $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} = \begin{cases} \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}, & \text{if } \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} > \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} \\ \mathcal{P}ol_0, & \text{if } \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} \leq \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} \end{cases}$

Canonical Extended DT Problem: $\langle \text{DT}(\mathcal{R}), \text{DT}(\mathcal{R}), \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \emptyset \rangle$

\mathcal{D}' :

$$q^\sharp(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, y, z))$$

$$q^\sharp(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, s(z), s(z)))$$

Reduction Pair Processor

Termination: $\ell \succsim r$ for all DPs and rules, remove DPs with $\ell \succ r$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \emptyset \rangle$

(1) $q^\sharp(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, y, z))$

(2) $q^\sharp(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, s(z), s(z)))$

Reduction Pair Processor

Termination: $\ell \succsim r$ for all DPs and rules, remove DPs with $\ell \succ r$

Complexity: $\ell \succsim r$ for all DTs and rules, move DTs with $\ell \succ r$ from \mathcal{S} to \mathcal{K}

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \emptyset \rangle$

(1) $q^\sharp(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, y, z))$

(2) $q^\sharp(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, s(z), s(z)))$

Reduction Pair Processor

Termination: $\ell \succsim r$ for all DPs and rules, remove DPs with $\ell \succ r$

Complexity: $\ell \succsim r$ for all DTs and rules, move DTs with $\ell \succ r$ from \mathcal{S} to \mathcal{K}

Reduction Pair Processor: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_m} \langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S} \setminus \mathcal{D}_\succ, \mathcal{K} \cup \mathcal{D}_\succ, \mathcal{R} \rangle$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \emptyset \rangle$

(1) $q^\sharp(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, y, z))$

(2) $q^\sharp(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, s(z), s(z)))$

Reduction Pair Processor

Termination: $\ell \succsim r$ for all DPs and rules, remove DPs with $\ell \succ r$

Complexity: $\ell \succsim r$ for all DTs and rules, move DTs with $\ell \succ r$ from \mathcal{S} to \mathcal{K}

Reduction Pair Processor: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_m} \langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S} \setminus \mathcal{D}_\succ, \mathcal{K} \cup \mathcal{D}_\succ, \mathcal{R} \rangle$ if

- $\mathcal{D} \subseteq \succsim \cup \succ$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \emptyset \rangle$

(1) $q^\sharp(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{Com}_1(q^\sharp(x, y, z))$

(2) $q^\sharp(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{Com}_1(q^\sharp(x, s(z), s(z)))$

Reduction Pair Processor

Termination: $\ell \succsim r$ for all DPs and rules, remove DPs with $\ell \succ r$

Complexity: $\ell \succsim r$ for all DTs and rules, move DTs with $\ell \succ r$ from \mathcal{S} to \mathcal{K}

Reduction Pair Processor: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_m} \langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S} \setminus \mathcal{D}_{\succ}, \mathcal{K} \cup \mathcal{D}_{\succ}, \mathcal{R} \rangle$ if

- $\mathcal{D} \subseteq \succsim \cup \succ, \quad \mathcal{R} \subseteq \succsim$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \emptyset \rangle$

(1) $q^\sharp(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{Com}_1(q^\sharp(x, y, z))$

(2) $q^\sharp(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{Com}_1(q^\sharp(x, s(z), s(z)))$

Reduction Pair Processor

Termination: $\ell \succsim r$ for all DPs and rules, remove DPs with $\ell \succ r$

Complexity: $\ell \succsim r$ for all DTs and rules, move DTs with $\ell \succ r$ from \mathcal{S} to \mathcal{K}

Reduction Pair Processor: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_m} \langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S} \setminus \mathcal{D}_\succ, \mathcal{K} \cup \mathcal{D}_\succ, \mathcal{R} \rangle$ if

- $\mathcal{D} \subseteq \succsim \cup \succ, \quad \mathcal{R} \subseteq \succsim$
- m is the maximal degree of polynomials $[f^\#]$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \emptyset \rangle$

(1) $q^\#(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{Com}_1(q^\#(x, y, z))$

(2) $q^\#(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{Com}_1(q^\#(x, s(z), s(z)))$

Reduction Pair Processor

Termination: $\ell \succsim r$ for all DPs and rules, remove DPs with $\ell \succ r$

Complexity: $\ell \succsim r$ for all DTs and rules, move DTs with $\ell \succ r$ from \mathcal{S} to \mathcal{K}

Reduction Pair Processor: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_m} \langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S} \setminus \mathcal{D}_\succ, \mathcal{K} \cup \mathcal{D}_\succ, \mathcal{R} \rangle$ if

- $\mathcal{D} \subseteq \succsim \cup \succ, \quad \mathcal{R} \subseteq \succsim$
- m is the maximal degree of polynomials $[f^\#]$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \emptyset \rangle$

Polynomial Order

$$[\text{COM}_1](x) = x$$

$$[q^\#](x, y, z) = x$$

$$[s](x) = x + 1$$

(1) $q^\#(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\#(x, y, z))$

(2) $q^\#(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\#(x, s(z), s(z)))$

Reduction Pair Processor

Termination: $\ell \succsim r$ for all DPs and rules, remove DPs with $\ell \succ r$

Complexity: $\ell \succsim r$ for all DTs and rules, move DTs with $\ell \succ r$ from \mathcal{S} to \mathcal{K}

Reduction Pair Processor: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_m} \langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S} \setminus \mathcal{D}_\succ, \mathcal{K} \cup \mathcal{D}_\succ, \mathcal{R} \rangle$ if

- $\mathcal{D} \subseteq \succsim \cup \succ, \quad \mathcal{R} \subseteq \succsim$
- m is the maximal degree of polynomials $[f^\#]$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \emptyset \rangle$

Polynomial Order

$$[\text{COM}_1](x) = x$$

$$[q^\#](x, y, z) = x$$

$$[s](x) = x + 1$$

$$(1) q^\#(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\#(x, y, z))$$

$$(2) q^\#(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\#(x, s(z), s(z)))$$

Reduction Pair Processor

Termination: $\ell \succsim r$ for all DPs and rules, remove DPs with $\ell \succ r$

Complexity: $\ell \succsim r$ for all DTs and rules, move DTs with $\ell \succ r$ from \mathcal{S} to \mathcal{K}

Reduction Pair Processor: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_m} \langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S} \setminus \mathcal{D}_\succ, \mathcal{K} \cup \mathcal{D}_\succ, \mathcal{R} \rangle$ if

- $\mathcal{D} \subseteq \succsim \cup \succ, \quad \mathcal{R} \subseteq \succsim$
- m is the maximal degree of polynomials $[f^\#]$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \emptyset \rangle$

Polynomial Order

$$[\text{COM}_1](x) = x$$

$$[q^\#](x, y, z) = x$$

$$[s](x) = x + 1$$

$$\begin{array}{c} (1) q^\#(s(x), s(y), z) \succ \text{COM}_1(q^\#(x, y, z)) \\ (2) q^\#(x, 0, s(z)) \succsim \text{COM}_1(q^\#(x, s(z), s(z))) \end{array}$$

Reduction Pair Processor

Termination: $\ell \succsim r$ for all DPs and rules, remove DPs with $\ell \succ r$

Complexity: $\ell \succsim r$ for all DTs and rules, move DTs with $\ell \succ r$ from \mathcal{S} to \mathcal{K}

Reduction Pair Processor: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_m} \langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S} \setminus \mathcal{D}_{\succ}, \mathcal{K} \cup \mathcal{D}_{\succ}, \mathcal{R} \rangle$ if

- $\mathcal{D} \subseteq \succsim \cup \succ, \quad \mathcal{R} \subseteq \succsim$
- m is the maximal degree of polynomials $[f^\#]$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \emptyset \rangle$
 $\xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_1} \langle \mathcal{D}', \{(2)\}, \{(1)\}, \emptyset \rangle$

Polynomial Order

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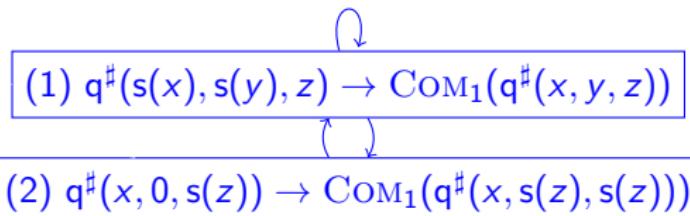
$$\begin{array}{c} (1) q^\#(s(x), s(y), z) \succ \text{COM}_1(q^\#(x, y, z)) \\ (2) q^\#(x, 0, s(z)) \succsim \text{COM}_1(q^\#(x, s(z), s(z))) \end{array}$$

Knowledge Propagation Processor

Lemma: $\ell_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \{w \rightarrow t\}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} \leq \ell_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \text{Pre}(w \rightarrow t), \mathcal{R} \rangle}$

- $\text{Pre}(w \rightarrow t)$: all predecessors of $w \rightarrow t$ in dependency graph

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \emptyset \rangle$
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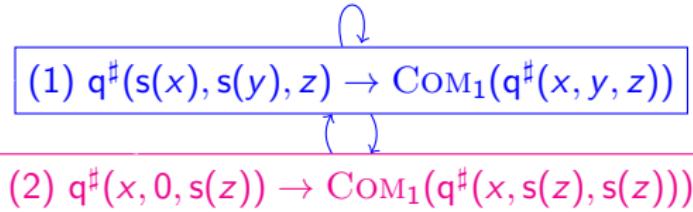


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Knowledge Propagation Processor

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 $\xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_1} \langle \mathcal{D}', \{(2)\}, \{(1)\}, \emptyset \rangle$

$$\text{Pre}((2)) = \{(1)\}$$

$$(1) q^\sharp(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, y, z))$$

$$(2) q^\sharp(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, s(z), s(z)))$$

Knowledge Propagation Processor

Lemma: $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \{w \rightarrow t\}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} \leq \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \text{Pre}(w \rightarrow t), \mathcal{R} \rangle}$

- $\text{Pre}(w \rightarrow t)$: all predecessors of $w \rightarrow t$ in dependency graph
- $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle$: do not take $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$ into account if $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} \leq \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle}$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \emptyset \rangle$
 $\xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_1} \langle \mathcal{D}', \{(2)\}, \{(1)\}, \emptyset \rangle$

$$\text{Pre}((2)) = \{(1)\}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} (1) \ q^\sharp(s(x), s(y), z) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, y, z)) \\ \cap \\ (2) \ q^\sharp(x, 0, s(z)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(q^\sharp(x, s(z), s(z))) \end{array}$$

Knowledge Propagation Processor

Lemma: $\iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \{w \rightarrow t\}, \mathcal{R} \rangle} \leq \iota_{\langle \mathcal{D}, \text{Pre}(w \rightarrow t), \mathcal{R} \rangle}$

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KP Processor: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S} \setminus \{w \rightarrow t\}, \mathcal{K} \rangle, \mathcal{R}$
if $w \rightarrow t \in \mathcal{S}$ and $\text{Pre}(w \rightarrow t) \subseteq \mathcal{K}$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \emptyset \rangle$
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$$\text{Pre}((2)) = \{(1)\}$$

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Knowledge Propagation Processor

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Knowledge Propagation Processor

Proof Chain: $P_0 \xrightarrow{c_1} \dots \xrightarrow{c_k} P_k$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \emptyset \rangle$
 $\xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_1} \langle \mathcal{D}', \{(2)\}, \{(1)\}, \emptyset \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \{(1), (2)\}, \emptyset \rangle$

Knowledge Propagation Processor

Proof Chain: $P_0 \xrightarrow{c_1} \dots \xrightarrow{c_k} P_k$ $\iota_{P_0} \leq \max(c_1, \dots, c_k)$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \emptyset \rangle$
 $\xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_1} \langle \mathcal{D}', \{(2)\}, \{(1)\}, \emptyset \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \{(1), (2)\}, \emptyset \rangle$

Knowledge Propagation Processor

Proof Chain: $P_0 \xrightarrow{c_1} \dots \xrightarrow{c_k} P_k \quad \iota_{\mathcal{R}} \leq \iota_{P_0} \leq \max(c_1, \dots, c_k)$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \emptyset \rangle$
 $\xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_1} \langle \mathcal{D}', \{(2)\}, \{(1)\}, \emptyset \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \{(1), (2)\}, \emptyset \rangle$

Knowledge Propagation Processor

Proof Chain: $P_0 \xrightarrow{c_1} \dots \xrightarrow{c_k} P_k \quad \iota_{\mathcal{R}} \leq \iota_{P_0} \leq \max(c_1, \dots, c_k)$

\mathcal{R} : $\text{q}(0, \text{s}(y), \text{s}(z)) \rightarrow 0, \quad \text{q}(\text{s}(x), \text{s}(y), z) \rightarrow \text{q}(x, y, z), \quad \text{q}(x, 0, \text{s}(z)) \rightarrow \text{s}(\text{q}(x, \text{s}(z), \text{s}(z)))$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \emptyset \rangle$
 $\xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_1} \langle \mathcal{D}', \{(2)\}, \{(1)\}, \emptyset \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \{(1), (2)\}, \emptyset \rangle$

Knowledge Propagation Processor

Proof Chain: $P_0 \xrightarrow{c_1} \dots \xrightarrow{c_k} P_k \quad \iota_{\mathcal{R}} \leq \iota_{P_0} \leq \max(c_1, \dots, c_k)$

$\mathcal{R}: \text{q}(0, \text{s}(y), \text{s}(z)) \rightarrow 0, \quad \text{q}(\text{s}(x), \text{s}(y), z) \rightarrow \text{q}(x, y, z), \quad \text{q}(x, 0, \text{s}(z)) \rightarrow \text{s}(\text{q}(x, \text{s}(z), \text{s}(z)))$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \emptyset \rangle$
 $\xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_1} \langle \mathcal{D}', \{(2)\}, \{(1)\}, \emptyset \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \{(1), (2)\}, \emptyset \rangle$

$\iota_{\mathcal{R}} \leq \max(\mathcal{P}ol_0, \mathcal{P}ol_0, \mathcal{P}ol_1, \mathcal{P}ol_0)$

Knowledge Propagation Processor

Proof Chain: $P_0 \xrightarrow{c_1} \dots \xrightarrow{c_k} P_k \quad \iota_{\mathcal{R}} \leq \iota_{P_0} \leq \max(c_1, \dots, c_k)$

$\mathcal{R}: \text{q}(0, \text{s}(y), \text{s}(z)) \rightarrow 0, \quad \text{q}(\text{s}(x), \text{s}(y), z) \rightarrow \text{q}(x, y, z), \quad \text{q}(x, 0, \text{s}(z)) \rightarrow \text{s}(\text{q}(x, \text{s}(z), \text{s}(z)))$

Example: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \emptyset \rangle$
 $\xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_1} \langle \mathcal{D}', \{(2)\}, \{(1)\}, \emptyset \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \emptyset, \{(1), (2)\}, \emptyset \rangle$

$$\iota_{\mathcal{R}} \leq \max(\mathcal{P}ol_0, \mathcal{P}ol_0, \mathcal{P}ol_1, \mathcal{P}ol_0) = \mathcal{P}ol_1$$

Narrowing Processor

Narrowing Processor: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{S}', \mathcal{K}', \mathcal{R}' \rangle$ where
in $\mathcal{D}', \mathcal{S}'$, some $w \rightarrow t$ is replaced by all its narrowings

$$\begin{array}{lll} \mathcal{R} : & m(x, y) \rightarrow \text{if(gt}(x, y), x, y) & \text{gt}(0, k) \rightarrow \text{false} \qquad p(0) \rightarrow 0 \\ & \text{if(false, } x, y) \rightarrow 0 & \text{gt}(s(n), 0) \rightarrow \text{true} \qquad p(s(n)) \rightarrow n \\ & \text{if(true, } x, y) \rightarrow s(m(p(x), y)) & \text{gt}(s(n), s(k)) \rightarrow \text{gt}(n, k) \end{array}$$

Narrowing Processor

Narrowing Processor: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{S}', \mathcal{K}', \mathcal{R}' \rangle$ where
in \mathcal{D}' , \mathcal{S}' , some $w \rightarrow t$ is replaced by all its narrowings

$$\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} \mathcal{R} : & m(x, y) \rightarrow \text{if(gt}(x, y), x, y) & \text{gt}(0, k) \rightarrow \text{false} \qquad p(0) \rightarrow 0 \\ & \text{if(false, } x, y) \rightarrow 0 & \text{gt}(s(n), 0) \rightarrow \text{true} \qquad p(s(n)) \rightarrow n \\ & \text{if(true, } x, y) \rightarrow s(m(p(x), y)) & \text{gt}(s(n), s(k)) \rightarrow \text{gt}(n, k) \end{array}$$

Narrowing Processor

Narrowing Processor: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0}^* \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{S}', \mathcal{K}', \mathcal{R}' \rangle$ where
in \mathcal{D}' , \mathcal{S}' , some $w \rightarrow t$ is replaced by all its narrowings

$$\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0}^* \langle \mathcal{D}_1, \mathcal{D}_1, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_1 \rangle$$

$\mathcal{R}_1 :$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{gt}(0, k) \rightarrow \text{false} & \text{p}(0) \rightarrow 0 \\ \text{gt}(\text{s}(n), 0) \rightarrow \text{true} & \text{p}(\text{s}(n)) \rightarrow n \\ \text{gt}(\text{s}(n), \text{s}(k)) \rightarrow \text{gt}(n, k) & \end{array}$$

$$\mathcal{D}_1 : m^\#(x, y) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(\text{if}^\#(\text{gt}(x, y), x, y), \text{gt}^\#(x, y))$$

$$m^\#(\text{true}, x, y) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(m^\#(p(x), y), p^\#(x)) \quad \text{gt}^\#(\text{s}(n), \text{s}(k)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(\text{gt}^\#(n, k))$$

Narrowing Processor

Narrowing Processor: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0}^* \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{S}', \mathcal{K}', \mathcal{R}' \rangle$ where
in \mathcal{D}' , \mathcal{S}' , some $w \rightarrow t$ is replaced by all its narrowings

Narrowings of $m^\#(x, y) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(\text{if}^\#(\text{gt}(x, y), x, y), \text{gt}^\#(x, y))$

$$\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0}^* \langle \mathcal{D}_1, \mathcal{D}_1, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_1 \rangle$$

$\mathcal{R}_1 :$

$$\begin{array}{lll} \text{gt}(0, k) \rightarrow \text{false} & \text{p}(0) \rightarrow 0 \\ \text{gt}(\text{s}(n), 0) \rightarrow \text{true} & \text{p}(\text{s}(n)) \rightarrow n \\ \text{gt}(\text{s}(n), \text{s}(k)) \rightarrow \text{gt}(n, k) & \end{array}$$

$\mathcal{D}_1 : m^\#(x, y) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(\text{if}^\#(\text{gt}(x, y), x, y), \text{gt}^\#(x, y))$

$\text{if}^\#(\text{true}, x, y) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(m^\#(\text{p}(x), y), \text{p}^\#(x)) \quad \text{gt}^\#(\text{s}(n), \text{s}(k)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(\text{gt}^\#(n, k))$

Narrowing Processor

Narrowing Processor: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0}^* \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{S}', \mathcal{K}', \mathcal{R}' \rangle$ where
in \mathcal{D}' , \mathcal{S}' , some $w \rightarrow t$ is replaced by all its narrowings

Narrowings of $m^\#(x, y) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(\text{if}^\#(\text{gt}(x, y), x, y), \text{gt}^\#(x, y))$

- $m^\#(0, k) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(\text{if}^\#(\text{false}, 0, k), \text{gt}^\#(0, k))$

$$\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}ol_0}^* \langle \mathcal{D}_1, \mathcal{D}_1, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_1 \rangle$$

$\mathcal{R}_1 :$

$$\begin{array}{lll} \text{gt}(0, k) \rightarrow \text{false} & \text{p}(0) \rightarrow 0 \\ \text{gt}(s(n), 0) \rightarrow \text{true} & \text{p}(s(n)) \rightarrow n \\ \text{gt}(s(n), s(k)) \rightarrow \text{gt}(n, k) & \end{array}$$

$\mathcal{D}_1 : m^\#(x, y) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(\text{if}^\#(\text{gt}(x, y), x, y), \text{gt}^\#(x, y))$

$\text{if}^\#(\text{true}, x, y) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(m^\#(\text{p}(x), y), \text{p}^\#(x)) \quad \text{gt}^\#(s(n), s(k)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(\text{gt}^\#(n, k))$

Narrowing Processor

Narrowing Processor: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0}^* \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{S}', \mathcal{K}', \mathcal{R}' \rangle$ where
in \mathcal{D}' , \mathcal{S}' , some $w \rightarrow t$ is replaced by all its narrowings

Narrowings of $m^\#(x, y) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(\text{if}^\#(\text{gt}(x, y), x, y), \text{gt}^\#(x, y))$

- $m^\#(0, k) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(\text{if}^\#(\text{false}, 0, k), \text{gt}^\#(0, k))$
- $m^\#(s(n), 0) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(\text{if}^\#(\text{true}, s(n), 0), \text{gt}^\#(s(n), 0))$

$$\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0}^* \langle \mathcal{D}_1, \mathcal{D}_1, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_1 \rangle$$

$\mathcal{R}_1 :$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{gt}(0, k) \rightarrow \text{false} & p(0) \rightarrow 0 \\ \text{gt}(s(n), 0) \rightarrow \text{true} & p(s(n)) \rightarrow n \\ \text{gt}(s(n), s(k)) \rightarrow \text{gt}(n, k) & \end{array}$$

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Narrowing Processor

Narrowing Processor: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0}^* \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{S}', \mathcal{K}', \mathcal{R}' \rangle$ where
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Narrowings of $m^\#(x, y) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(\text{if}^\#(\text{gt}(x, y), x, y), \text{gt}^\#(x, y))$

- $m^\#(0, k) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(\text{if}^\#(\text{false}, 0, k), \text{gt}^\#(0, k))$
- $m^\#(s(n), 0) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(\text{if}^\#(\text{true}, s(n), 0), \text{gt}^\#(s(n), 0))$
- $m^\#(s(n), s(k)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(\text{if}^\#(\text{gt}(n, k), s(n), s(k)), \text{gt}^\#(s(n), s(k)))$

$$\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0}^* \langle \mathcal{D}_1, \mathcal{D}_1, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_1 \rangle$$

$\mathcal{R}_1 :$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{gt}(0, k) \rightarrow \text{false} & p(0) \rightarrow 0 \\ \text{gt}(s(n), 0) \rightarrow \text{true} & p(s(n)) \rightarrow n \\ \text{gt}(s(n), s(k)) \rightarrow \text{gt}(n, k) & \end{array}$$

$\mathcal{D}_1 : m^\#(x, y) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(\text{if}^\#(\text{gt}(x, y), x, y), \text{gt}^\#(x, y))$

$\text{if}^\#(\text{true}, x, y) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(m^\#(p(x), y), p^\#(x)) \quad \text{gt}^\#(s(n), s(k)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(\text{gt}^\#(n, k))$

Narrowing Processor

Narrowing Processor: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0^*} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{S}', \mathcal{K}', \mathcal{R}' \rangle$ where
in \mathcal{D}' , \mathcal{S}' , some $w \rightarrow t$ is replaced by all its narrowings

Narrowings of $m^\#(x, y) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(\text{if}^\#(\text{gt}(x, y), x, y), \text{gt}^\#(x, y))$

- $m^\#(s(n), 0) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(\text{if}^\#(\text{true}, s(n), 0), \text{gt}^\#(s(n), 0))$
- $m^\#(s(n), s(k)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(\text{if}^\#(\text{gt}(n, k), s(n), s(k)), \text{gt}^\#(s(n), s(k)))$

$$\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0^*} \langle \mathcal{D}_1, \mathcal{D}_1, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_1 \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0^*} \langle \mathcal{D}_2, \mathcal{D}_2, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_1 \rangle$$

$\mathcal{R}_1 :$

$$\begin{array}{lll} \text{gt}(0, k) \rightarrow \text{false} & \text{p}(0) \rightarrow 0 \\ \text{gt}(s(n), 0) \rightarrow \text{true} & \text{p}(s(n)) \rightarrow n \\ \text{gt}(s(n), s(k)) \rightarrow \text{gt}(n, k) & \end{array}$$

$$\mathcal{D}_2 : m^\#(s(n), 0) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(\text{if}^\#(\text{true}, s(n), 0), \text{gt}^\#(s(n), 0))$$

$$m^\#(s(n), s(k)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(\text{if}^\#(\text{gt}(n, k), s(n), s(k)), \text{gt}^\#(s(n), s(k)))$$

$$\text{if}^\#(\text{true}, x, y) \rightarrow \text{COM}_2(m^\#(\text{p}(x), y), \text{p}^\#(x)) \quad \text{gt}^\#(s(n), s(k)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(\text{gt}^\#(n, k))$$

Narrowing Processor

Narrowing Processor: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0^*} \langle \mathcal{D}', \mathcal{S}', \mathcal{K}', \mathcal{R}' \rangle$ where
in \mathcal{D}' , \mathcal{S}' , some $w \rightarrow t$ is replaced by all its narrowings

$$\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0^*} \langle \mathcal{D}_1, \mathcal{D}_1, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_1 \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0^*} \langle \mathcal{D}_2, \mathcal{D}_2, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_1 \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0^*} \langle \mathcal{D}_3, \mathcal{D}_3, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_2 \rangle$$

$\mathcal{R}_2 :$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{gt}(0, k) &\rightarrow \text{false} \\ \text{gt}(\text{s}(n), 0) &\rightarrow \text{true} \\ \text{gt}(\text{s}(n), \text{s}(k)) &\rightarrow \text{gt}(n, k) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{D}_3 : \quad \text{m}^\sharp(\text{s}(n), 0) &\rightarrow \text{COM}_2(\text{if}^\sharp(\text{true}, \text{s}(n), 0), \text{gt}^\sharp(\text{s}(n), 0)) \\ \text{m}^\sharp(\text{s}(n), \text{s}(k)) &\rightarrow \text{COM}_2(\text{if}^\sharp(\text{gt}(n, k), \text{s}(n), \text{s}(k)), \text{gt}^\sharp(\text{s}(n), \text{s}(k))) \\ \text{if}^\sharp(\text{true}, \text{s}(n), y) &\rightarrow \text{COM}_2(\text{m}^\sharp(n, y), \text{p}^\sharp(\text{s}(n))) \quad \text{gt}^\sharp(\text{s}(n), \text{s}(k)) \rightarrow \text{COM}_1(\text{gt}^\sharp(n, k)) \end{aligned}$$

Narrowing Processor

Reduction Pair Processor: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_m} \langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S} \setminus \mathcal{D}_{\succ}, \mathcal{K} \cup \mathcal{D}_{\succ}, \mathcal{R} \rangle$ where
m is the maximal degree of polynomials $[f^{\#}]$

Polynomial Order

- $[0] = [\text{true}] = [\text{false}] = [p^{\#}](x) = 0, \quad [s](x) = x + 2$
- $[\text{gt}](x, y) = [\text{gt}^{\#}](x, y) = x$
- $[\text{m}^{\#}](x, y) = (x + 1)^2, \quad [\text{if}^{\#}](x, y, z) = y^2$

$$\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0^*} \langle \mathcal{D}_1, \mathcal{D}_1, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_1 \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0^*} \langle \mathcal{D}_2, \mathcal{D}_2, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_1 \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0^*} \langle \mathcal{D}_3, \mathcal{D}_3, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_2 \rangle$$

$\mathcal{R}_2 :$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{gt}(0, k) &\succsim \text{false} \\ \text{gt}(s(n), 0) &\succsim \text{true} \\ \text{gt}(s(n), s(k)) &\succsim \text{gt}(n, k) \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathcal{D}_3 : m^{\#}(s(n), 0) \succ \text{COM}_2(\text{if}^{\#}(\text{true}, s(n), 0), \text{gt}^{\#}(s(n), 0))$$

$$m^{\#}(s(n), s(k)) \succ \text{COM}_2(\text{if}^{\#}(\text{gt}(n, k), s(n), s(k)), \text{gt}^{\#}(s(n), s(k)))$$

$$\text{if}^{\#}(\text{true}, s(n), y) \succ \text{COM}_2(m^{\#}(s(n), y), p^{\#}(s(n))) \quad \text{gt}^{\#}(s(n), s(k)) \succ \text{COM}_1(\text{gt}^{\#}(n, k))$$

Narrowing Processor

Reduction Pair Processor: $\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_m^*} \langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{S} \setminus \mathcal{D}_{\succ}, \mathcal{K} \cup \mathcal{D}_{\succ}, \mathcal{R} \rangle$ where
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$$\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow[\text{Pol}_2]{\text{Pol}_0^*} \langle \mathcal{D}_1, \mathcal{D}_1, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_1 \rangle \xrightarrow[\text{Pol}_2]{\text{Pol}_0^*} \langle \mathcal{D}_2, \mathcal{D}_2, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_1 \rangle \xrightarrow[\text{Pol}_2]{\text{Pol}_0^*} \langle \mathcal{D}_3, \mathcal{D}_3, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_2 \rangle$$

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Narrowing Processor

$$\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0^*} \langle \mathcal{D}_1, \mathcal{D}_1, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_1 \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0^*} \langle \mathcal{D}_2, \mathcal{D}_2, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_1 \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0^*} \langle \mathcal{D}_3, \mathcal{D}_3, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_2 \rangle$$
$$\xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_2} \langle \mathcal{D}_3, \emptyset, \mathcal{D}_3, \mathcal{R}_2 \rangle$$

$$\iota_{\mathcal{R}} \leq \max(\text{Pol}_0, \dots, \text{Pol}_0, \text{Pol}_2)$$

Narrowing Processor

$$\langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \emptyset, \mathcal{R} \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0^*} \langle \mathcal{D}_1, \mathcal{D}_1, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_1 \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0^*} \langle \mathcal{D}_2, \mathcal{D}_2, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_1 \rangle \xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_0^*} \langle \mathcal{D}_3, \mathcal{D}_3, \emptyset, \mathcal{R}_2 \rangle$$
$$\xrightarrow{\text{Pol}_2} \langle \mathcal{D}_3, \emptyset, \mathcal{D}_3, \mathcal{R}_2 \rangle$$

$$\iota_{\mathcal{R}} \leq \max(\text{Pol}_0, \dots, \text{Pol}_0, \text{Pol}_2) = \text{Pol}_2$$

DT Framework for Innermost Complexity Analysis

- *Direct* adaption of DP framework for termination analysis

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AProVE: 618 examples with polynomial runtime

CaT: 447 examples with polynomial runtime

TCT: 385 examples with polynomial runtime

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		CaT					
		$\mathcal{P}ol_0$	$\mathcal{P}ol_1$	$\mathcal{P}ol_2$	$\mathcal{P}ol_3$	no result	\sum
AProVE	$\mathcal{P}ol_0$	-	182	-	-	27	209
	$\mathcal{P}ol_1$	-	187	7	-	76	270
	$\mathcal{P}ol_2$	-	32	2	-	83	117
	$\mathcal{P}ol_3$	-	6	-	-	16	22
	no result	-	27	3	1	674	705
	\sum	0	434	12	1	876	1323

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		TCT					
		$\mathcal{P}ol_0$	$\mathcal{P}ol_1$	$\mathcal{P}ol_2$	$\mathcal{P}ol_3$	no result	\sum
AProVE	$\mathcal{P}ol_0$	10	157	-	-	42	209
	$\mathcal{P}ol_1$	-	152	1	-	117	270
	$\mathcal{P}ol_2$	-	35	-	-	82	117
	$\mathcal{P}ol_3$	-	5	-	-	17	22
	no result	-	22	3	-	680	705
	\sum	10	371	4	0	938	1323

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		$\mathcal{P}ol_0$	$\mathcal{P}ol_1$	$\mathcal{P}ol_2$	$\mathcal{P}ol_3$	no result	\sum
AProVE	$\mathcal{P}ol_0$	10	157	-	-	42	209
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	no result	-	22	3	-	680	705
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