

Notes:

- Please solve these exercises in **groups of two!**
- The solutions must be handed in **directly before (very latest: at the beginning of)** the exercise course on Wednesday, May 25th, 2011, in lecture hall **AH 2**. Alternatively you can drop your solutions into a box which is located right next to Prof. Giesl's office (until the exercise course starts).
- Please write the **names** and **immatriculation numbers** of all (two) students on your solution. Please staple the individual sheets!

Exercise 1 (Equivalent and Convergent Term Rewrite Systems): (3 + 2 + 2 = 7 points)

Consider the following set of equalities \mathcal{E} and the term rewrite system \mathcal{R} .

$$\mathcal{E} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f(f(g(g(x)))) \equiv x \\ x \equiv g(x) \\ f(g(x)) \equiv g(f(x)) \end{array} \right\} \quad \mathcal{R} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f(f(x)) \rightarrow x \\ g(x) \rightarrow x \end{array} \right\}$$

- Please show that \mathcal{R} is equivalent to \mathcal{E} .
- Please show $f(f(f(g(f(f(g(f(g(x)))))))))) \equiv_{\mathcal{E}} f(g(f(g(f(x)))))$ only using the relation $\leftrightarrow_{\mathcal{E}}$ and Birkhoff's Theorem (in particular, you must not use \mathcal{R} in this subexercise).
- Please show $f(f(f(g(f(f(g(f(g(x)))))))))) \equiv_{\mathcal{E}} f(g(f(g(f(x)))))$ using the algorithm WORTPROBLEM.

Hints:

- \mathcal{R} is convergent.

Exercise 2 (Noetherian Induction):
(2 + 4 = 6 points)

Consider the following term rewrite system \mathcal{R} , which represents the well-known Ackermann function:

$$\text{ack}(\mathcal{O}, m) \rightarrow s(m) \tag{1}$$

$$\text{ack}(s(n), \mathcal{O}) \rightarrow \text{ack}(n, s(\mathcal{O})) \tag{2}$$

$$\text{ack}(s(n), s(m)) \rightarrow \text{ack}(n, \text{ack}(s(n), m)) \tag{3}$$

- Choose a relation $\succ \subseteq \{(s^{n_1}(\mathcal{O}), s^{k_1}(\mathcal{O})) \mid n_1, k_1 \in \mathbb{N}\} \times \{(s^{n_2}(\mathcal{O}), s^{k_2}(\mathcal{O})) \mid n_2, k_2 \in \mathbb{N}\}$ and prove that your \succ is well-founded ("fundiert").
- Prove that any normal form of $\text{ack}(s^n(\mathcal{O}), s^m(\mathcal{O}))$ has the form $s^l(\mathcal{O})$ by noetherian induction using the relation \succ from part a).

Exercise 3 (The Algorithm RIGHT-GROUND TERMINATION): (3 + 2 = 5 points)

Prove or disprove termination of the following term rewrite systems over the signature $\Sigma = \{f, a, b\}$ using the algorithm RIGHT-GROUND TERMINATION from the lecture:

a)

$$f(f(x, y), z) \rightarrow f(a, f(a, b))$$

$$f(a, f(x, x)) \rightarrow f(a, f(b, a))$$

$$f(a, x) \rightarrow a$$

$$f(x, b) \rightarrow f(a, a)$$

$$f(b, a) \rightarrow b$$

b)

$$f(a, f(a, x)) \rightarrow f(a, a)$$

$$f(x, f(a, f(x, a))) \rightarrow f(a, f(a, f(a, f(a, b))))$$